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**MAR 12 2008**

**OFFICE OF PETITIONS**

In re Application of	:	
Conwell, et al.	:	
Application No. 10/811,732	:	
Filed: March 29, 2004	:	ON PETITION
Attorney Docket No. 480062.799D1	:	

This is a decision on the petition to revive under 37 CFR 1.137(a),  
filed March 4, 2008.

The petition under 37 CFR 1.137(a) is **GRANTED**.

The above-identified application became abandoned for failure to reply  
to the non-final Office action mailed June 11, 2007. This Office  
action set a shortened statutory period for reply of three (3) months.  
No reply having been received, the application became abandoned on  
September 12, 2007. A Notice of Abandonment was mailed on  
December 27, 2007.

A grantable petition under 37 CFR 1.137(a) must be accompanied by: (1)  
the required reply, unless previously filed; (2) the petition fee as  
set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(l); (3) a showing to the satisfaction of the  
Commissioner that the entire delay in filing the required reply from  
the due date for the reply until the filing of a grantable petition  
pursuant to 37 CFR 1.137(a) was unavoidable; and (4) any terminal  
disclaimer (and fee as set forth in 37 CFR 1.20(d)) required pursuant  
to 37 CFR 1.137(d). Decisions on reviving abandoned applications on  
the basis of "unavoidable" delay have adopted the reasonably prudent

person standard in determining if the delay was unavoidable:

The word 'unavoidable' . . . is applicable to ordinary human affairs, and requires no more or greater care or diligence than is generally used and observed by prudent and careful men in relation to their most important business. It permits them in the exercise of this care to rely upon the ordinary and trustworthy agencies of mail and telegraph, worthy and reliable employees, and such other means and instrumentalities as are usually employed in such important business. If unexpectedly, or through the unforeseen fault or imperfection of these agencies and instrumentalities, there occurs a failure, it may properly be said to be unavoidable, all other conditions of promptness in its rectification being present.<sup>1</sup>

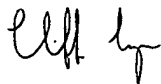
Moreover, a petition cannot be granted where a petitioner has failed to meet his or her burden of establishing that the delay was "unavoidable."<sup>2</sup>

Petitioner argues that the Office action was mailed to the incorrect address. A review of the application file reveals the presence of a Revocation and Power of Attorney and Change of Correspondence Address, filed on March 8, 2007, directing the Office to mail all future correspondence to Seed Intellectual Property Law Group. However, the Office action was mailed to the prior address of record.

In view of the above, it is concluded that petitioner has met his burden of establishing that the delay was unavoidable.

The application is being forwarded to Group Art Unit 3772 for consideration of the Amendment, filed March 4, 2008.

Telephone inquiries concerning this decision should be directed to the undersigned at (571)272-3207.



Cliff Congo  
Petitions Attorney  
Office of Petitions

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<sup>1</sup> In re Mattullath, 38 App. D.C. 497, 514-15 (1912) (quoting Ex parte Pratt, 1887 Dec. Comm'r Pat. 31, 32-33 (1887)); see also Winkler v. Ladd, 221 F. Supp. 550, 552, 138 USPQ 666, 167-68 (D.D.C. 1963), aff'd, 143 USPQ 172 (D.C. Cir. 1963); Ex parte Henrich, 1913 Dec. Comm'r Pat. 139, 141 (1913).

<sup>2</sup> Haines v. Quigg, 673 F. Supp. 314, 316-17, 5 USPQ2d 1130, 1131-32 (N.D. Ind. 1987).